



上海源叶生物科技有限公司  
Shanghai yuanye Bio-Technology Co., Ltd  
电话: 021-61312973 传真: 021-55068248  
网址: [www.shyuanye.com](http://www.shyuanye.com)  
邮箱: [shyysw@sina.com](mailto:shyysw@sina.com)

产品名称: **SHP099 hydrochloride**  
产品别名: **SHP099 hydrochloride**

生物活性:					
Description	SHP099 hydrochloride is a potent, selective and orally available SHP2 inhibitor with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 70 nM.				
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	IC50: 70 nM (SHP2) <sup>[1]</sup>				
In Vitro	The X-ray co-crystal for SHP099 with SHP2 reveals a new interaction with the basic amine and the Phe113 backbone carbonyl. SHP099 shows inhibition of cell proliferation (KYSE-520 model) with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 1.4 μM. SHP099 shows high solubility and high permeability with no apparent efflux in Caco-2 cells <sup>[1]</sup> . SHP099 concurrently binds to the interface of the N-terminal SH2, C-terminal SH2, and protein tyrosine phosphatase domains, thus inhibiting SHP2 activity through an allosteric mechanism. SHP099 suppresses RAS–ERK signalling to inhibit the proliferation of receptor-tyrosine-kinase-driven human cancer cells <sup>[2]</sup> .				
In Vivo	After a single doses of 30 and 100 mg/kg (red and blue lines, respectively), dose-dependent exposure and modulation of the pharmacodynamic marker p-ERK is observed in the xenografts. A daily oral dose of 10 or 30 mg/kg yield 19% and 61% tumor growth inhibition, respectively. Tumor stasis is achieved at 100 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup> .				
Solvent&Solubility	<b>In Vitro:</b> <b>Methanol : 15 mg/mL (38.59 mM; Need ultrasonic)</b> <b>DMSO : 4.1 mg/mL (10.55 mM; Need ultrasonic and warming)</b> <b>H<sub>2</sub>O : ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.43 mM)</b>  * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.				
	<div>Preparing</div> <div>Stock Solutions</div>	<div>Solvent / Mass / Concentration</div>	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	2.5725 mL	12.8627 mL	25.7255 mL
		5 mM	0.5145 mL	2.5725 mL	5.1451 mL
		10 mM	0.2573 mL	1.2863 mL	2.5725 mL
	*请根据产品在不同溶剂中的溶解度选择合适的溶剂配制储备液。一旦配成溶液，请分装保存，避免反复冻融造成的产品失效。  储备液的保存方式和期限 -80℃, 6 months; -20℃, 1 month。 -80℃ 储存时，请在 6 个月内使用， -20℃ 储存时，请在 1 个月内使用。  <b>In Vivo:</b>  1.SHP099 hydrochloride is resuspended in 0.6% methylcellulose, 0.5% Tween80 in 0.9% saline <sup>[3]</sup> .				
References	<div>[1]. Garcia Fortanet J, et al. Allosteric Inhibition of SHP2: Identification of a Potent, Selective, and Orally Efficacious Phosphatase Inhibitor. J Med Chem. 2016 Sep 8;59(17):7773-82.</div> <div>[2]. Chen YN, et al. Allosteric inhibition of SHP2 phosphatase inhibits cancers driven by receptor tyrosine kinases. Nature. 2016 Jul 7;535(7610):148-52.</div> <div>[3]. Carmine Fedele, et al. SHP2 Inhibition Abrogates MEK inhibitor Resistance in Multiple Cancer Models. bioRxiv. April 25, 2018.</div>				
实验参考:					
	Cells are plated onto 96-well plates in 100 μL medium. SHP099 with various concentrations (1.25, 2.5, 5,				



上海源叶生物科技有限公司  
Shanghai yuanye Bio-Technology Co., Ltd  
电话: 021-61312973 传真: 021-55068248  
网址: [www.shyuanye.com](http://www.shyuanye.com)  
邮箱: [shyysw@sina.com](mailto:shyysw@sina.com)

<b>Cell Assay</b>	10, 20 $\mu$ M) are added 24 h after cell plating. At day 5, 50 $\mu$ L Celltiter-Glo reagent is added, and the luminescent signal is determined <sup>[1]</sup> .
<b>Kinase Assay</b>	The inhibition of SHP2 from the tested compounds (SHP099) concentrations varying from 0.003-100 $\mu$ M is monitored using an assay in which 0.5 nM of SHP2 is incubated with of 0.5 $\mu$ M of peptide IRS1_pY1172(dPEG8)pY1222. After 30-60 minutes incubation at the surrogate substrate, DiFMUP is added to the reaction and incubated at 25 °C for 30 minutes. The reaction is then quenched by the addition of 5 $\mu$ L of a 160 $\mu$ M solution of bpV(Phen). The fluorescence signal is monitored using a microplate reader using excitation and emission wavelengths of 340 nm and 450 nm, respectively <sup>[1]</sup> .
<b>References</b>	<p>[1]. Garcia Fortanet J, et al. Allosteric Inhibition of SHP2: Identification of a Potent, Selective, and Orally Efficacious Phosphatase Inhibitor. J Med Chem. 2016 Sep 8;59(17):7773-82.</p> <p>[2]. Chen YN, et al. Allosteric inhibition of SHP2 phosphatase inhibits cancers driven by receptor tyrosine kinases. Nature. 2016 Jul 7;535(7610):148-52.</p> <p>[3]. Carmine Fedele, et al. SHP2 Inhibition Abrogates MEK inhibitor Resistance in Multiple Cancer Models. bioRxiv. April 25, 2018.</p>

源叶生物