



上海源叶生物科技有限公司
Shanghai Yuanye Bio-Technology Co., Ltd
电话: 021-61312973 传真: 021-55068248
网址: www.shyuanye.com
邮箱: shyysw@sina.com

产品名称: MK2-IN-1 (hydrochloride)

产品别名: MK2-IN-1 hydrochloride

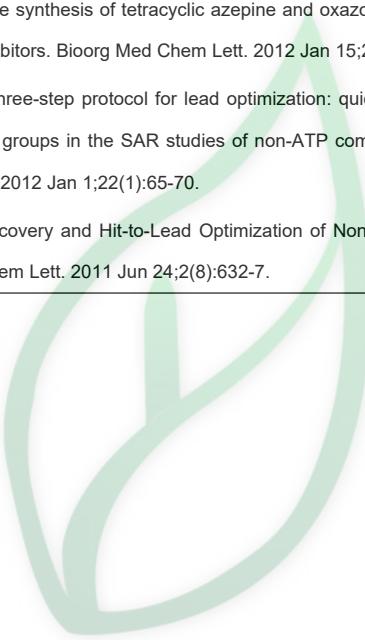
生物活性:

Description	MK2-IN-1 hydrochloride is a potent and selective MAPKAPK2(MK2) inhibitor ($IC_{50}=0.11\text{ }\mu\text{M}$) with a non-ATP competitive binding mode. IC_{50} value: 0.11 μM [1] Target: MAPKAPK2(MK2) inhibitor MK2-IN-1 was profiled for kinase selectivity by screening against a broad panel of 150 protein kinases at a concentration of 10 μM , and only CK1 γ 3 was significantly inhibited at greater than 50%. MK2-IN-1 inhibited pro-inflammatory cytokine secretion from the human THP1 acute monocytic leukemia cell line, causing dose-dependent inhibition of LPS-stimulated TNF α and IL6 secretion. MK2-IN-1 also dose dependently inhibited IL1 β -stimulated matrixmetalloprotease (MMP)13 secretion from the SW1353 chondrosarcoma cell line and human primary chondrocyte cultures. Of note, given its high degree of selectivity, our data suggest that MK2-IN-1 may be an excellent pharmacologic tool for specifically exploring and validating MK2 biology [3].																	
	<p>In Vitro:</p> <p>DMSO : 100 mg/mL (196.30 mM; Need ultrasonic)</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th rowspan="2">Preparing Stock Solutions</th><th>Solvent / Mass Concentration</th><th>1 mg</th><th>5 mg</th><th>10 mg</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1 mM</td><td>1.9630 mL</td><td>9.8149 mL</td><td>19.6298 mL</td></tr><tr><td>5 mM</td><td>0.3926 mL</td><td>1.9630 mL</td><td>3.9260 mL</td></tr><tr><td>10 mM</td><td>0.1963 mL</td><td>0.9815 mL</td><td>1.9630 mL</td></tr></tbody></table>	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent / Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	1 mM	1.9630 mL	9.8149 mL	19.6298 mL	5 mM	0.3926 mL	1.9630 mL	3.9260 mL	10 mM	0.1963 mL	0.9815 mL	1.9630 mL
Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent / Mass Concentration		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg													
	1 mM	1.9630 mL	9.8149 mL	19.6298 mL														
5 mM	0.3926 mL	1.9630 mL	3.9260 mL															
10 mM	0.1963 mL	0.9815 mL	1.9630 mL															
Solvent&Solubility	<p>*请根据产品在不同溶剂中的溶解度选择合适的溶剂配制储备液。一旦配成溶液,请分装保存,避免反复冻融造成的产品失效。</p> <p>储备液的保存方式和期限 -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month。-80°C 储存时,请在 6 个月内使用, -20°C 储存时,请在 1 个月内使用。</p> <p>In Vivo:</p> <p>请根据您的实验动物和给药方式选择适当的溶解方案。以下溶解方案都请先按照 In Vitro 方式配制澄清的储备液,再依次添加助溶剂。</p> <p>——为保证实验结果的可靠性,澄清的储备液可以根据储存条件,适当保存;体内实验的工作液,建议您现用现配,当天使用;以下溶剂前显示的百分比是指该溶剂在您配制终溶液中的体积占比;如在配制过程中出现沉淀、析出现象,可以通过加热和/或超声的方式助溶</p> <p>1.请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO → 40% PEG300 → 5% Tween-80 → 45% saline</p> <p>Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.28 mM); Clear solution</p> <p>此方案可获得 ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.28 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例,取 100 μL 16.699999 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 400 μL PEG300 中,混合均匀;向上述体系中加入 50 μL Tween-80, 混合均匀;然后继续加入 450 μL 生理盐水定容至 1 mL。</p> <p>2.请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO → 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)</p> <p>Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.28 mM); Clear solution</p> <p>此方案可获得 ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (3.28 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例,取 100 μL 16.699999 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 900 μL 20% 的</p>																	



上海源叶生物科技有限公司
Shanghai yuanye Bio-Technology Co., Ltd
电话: 021-61312973 传真: 021-55068248
网址: www.shyuanye.com
邮箱: shyysw@sina.com

	<p>SBE-β-CD 生理盐水水溶液中，混合均匀。</p> <p>3.请依序添加每种溶剂： 10% DMSO → 90% corn oil</p> <p>Solubility: $\geq 1.67 \text{ mg/mL}$ (3.28 mM); Clear solution</p> <p>此方案可获得 $\geq 1.67 \text{ mg/mL}$ (3.28 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液，此方案不适用于实验周期在半个月以上的实验。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例，取 100 μL 16.699999 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 900 μL 玉米油中，混合均匀。</p>
References	<p>[1]. Rao AU, et al. Facile synthesis of tetracyclic azepine and oxazocine derivatives and their potential as MAPKAP-K2 (MK2) inhibitors. <i>Bioorg Med Chem Lett.</i> 2012 Jan 15;22(2):1068-72.</p> <p>[2]. Huang X, et al. A three-step protocol for lead optimization: quick identification of key conformational features and functional groups in the SAR studies of non-ATP competitive MK2 (MAPKAPK2) inhibitors. <i>Bioorg Med Chem Lett.</i> 2012 Jan 1;22(1):65-70.</p> <p>[3]. Huang X, et al. Discovery and Hit-to-Lead Optimization of Non-ATP Competitive MK2 (MAPKAPK2) Inhibitors. <i>ACS Med Chem Lett.</i> 2011 Jun 24;2(8):632-7.</p>



源叶生物