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产品名称:

**(4R)-4-benzyl-2-(3H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-5-thiophen-2-ylsulfonyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undeca-8,10,12-triene-9-carbonitrile**

产品别名: **BMS-214662**

生物活性:													
<b>Description</b>	BMS-214662 is a potent and selective farnesyl transferase inhibitor with potent antitumor activity with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 1.35 nM.												
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	IC <sub>50</sub> : 1.35 nM (farnesyl transferase), 1.3 μM (Ras-CVLL), 2.3 μM (K-Ras)[1]												
<b>In Vitro</b>	BMS-214662 is over 1000-fold selective for farnesyl transferase, having IC <sub>50</sub> values for inhibition of geranylgeranylation of Ras-CVLL and K-Ras of 1.3 and 2.3 μM, respectively[1]. BMS-214662 shows good potency in inhibiting H-ras-transformed rodent cells, A2780 human ovarian carcinoma tumor cells, and HCT-116 human colon carcinoma tumor cells. BMS-214662 is the most potent apoptotic FTI known and demonstrates broad spectrum yet robust cell-selective cytotoxic activity against a panel of cell lines with diverse histology[2].												
<b>In Vivo</b>	Tumors from BMS-214662-treated mice have increased numbers of apoptotic cells as compared with the nontreated control mice. The AIs in HCT-116 tumors are increased 4-10-fold in BMS-214662-treated mice as compared with nontreated controls. BMS-214662 is significantly cytotoxic to both HCT-116 and EJ-1 tumor cells; the doses of BMS-214662 required to kill 90% of clonogenic tumor cells are approximately 75 and 100 mg/kg for HCT-116 and EJ-1 tumors[2].												
<b>Solvent&amp;Solubility</b>	<p><b>In Vitro:</b></p> <p>DMSO :≥ 100 mg/mL (204.24 mM)</p> <p>H<sub>2</sub>O : &lt; 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)</p> <p>* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.</p>												
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Solvent Concentration</th> <th rowspan="2">Mass</th> <th>1 mg</th> <th>5 mg</th> <th>10 mg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 mM</td> <td>2.0424 mL</td> <td>10.2122 mL</td> <td>20.4244 mL</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	1 mM	2.0424 mL	10.2122 mL	20.4244 mL		
	Solvent Concentration	Mass			1 mg	5 mg	10 mg						
			1 mM	2.0424 mL	10.2122 mL	20.4244 mL							
	<b>Preparing</b>	1 mM	2.0424 mL	10.2122 mL	20.4244 mL								
<b>Stock Solutions</b>	5 mM	0.4085 mL	2.0424 mL	4.0849 mL									
	10 mM	0.2042 mL	1.0212 mL	2.0424 mL									
<p>*请根据产品在不同溶剂中的溶解度选择合适的溶剂配制储备液; 一旦配成溶液, 请分装保存, 避免反复冻融造成的产品失效。</p> <p>储备液的保存方式和期限 -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month。 -80°C 储存时, 请在 6 个月内使用, -20°C 储存时, 请在 1 个月内使用。</p> <p><b>In Vivo:</b></p> <p>请根据您的实验动物和给药方式选择适当的溶解方案。以下溶解方案都请先按照 In Vitro 方式配制澄清的储备液, 再依次添加助溶剂:</p> <p>——为保证实验结果的可靠性, 澄清的储备液可以根据储存条件, 适当保存; 体内实验的工作液, 建议您现用现配, 当天使用; 以下溶剂前显示的百分比是指该溶剂在您配制终溶液中的体积占比; 如在配制过程中出现沉淀、析出现象, 可以通过加热和/或超声的方式助溶</p> <p>1.请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO→40% PEG300 →5% Tween-80 → 45% saline</p> <p>Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.11 mM); Clear solution</p>													



	<p>此方案可获得 <math>\geq 2.5</math> mg/mL (5.11 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例, 取 100 <math>\mu</math>L 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 400 <math>\mu</math>L PEG300 中, 混合均匀向上述体系中加入 50 <math>\mu</math>L Tween-80, 混合均匀; 然后继续加入 450 <math>\mu</math>L 生理盐水定容至 1 mL。</p> <p>2.请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO <math>\rightarrow</math>90% corn oil</p> <p>Solubility: <math>\geq 2.5</math> mg/mL (5.11 mM); Clear solution</p> <p>此方案可获得 <math>\geq 2.5</math> mg/mL (5.11 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液, 此方案不适用于实验周期在半个月以上的实验。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例, 取 100 <math>\mu</math>L 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 900 <math>\mu</math>L 玉米油中, 混合均匀。</p>
<p><b>References</b></p>	<p>[1]. Hunt JT, et al. Discovery of (R)-7-cyano-2,3,4, 5-tetrahydro-1-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-4-(2-thienylsulfonyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine (BMS-214662), a farnesyltransferase inhibitor with potent preclinical antitumor activity. J Med Chem. 2000 Oct 5;43(20):3587-95.</p> <p>[2]. Rose WC, et al. Preclinical antitumor activity of BMS-214662, a highly apoptotic and novel farnesyltransferase inhibitor. Cancer Res. 2001 Oct 15;61(20):7507-17.</p>
<p><b>实验参考:</b></p>	
<p><b>Cell Assay</b></p>	<p>The hydrochloride salt of BMS-214662 is dissolved in DMSO with dilutions made using either water or RPMI 1640 plus 10% fetal bovine serum. BMS-214662 is added at various concentrations. The cells are incubated at 37 ° C for 72 h, at which time MTS in combination with phenazine methosulfate is added. After an additional 3 h, the absorbance is measured at 492 nm, and the growth inhibition results are eventually expressed as IC50s[2].</p>
<p><b>Animal Administration</b></p>	<p>Mice: BMS-214662 is dissolved in ethanol, followed by dilution with water to a final ethanol concentration of 10%. Mice implanted with HCT-116 xenografts are administered a single dose of BMS-214662 at 250 mg/kg i.v., 300 mg/kg i.p., or 400 mg/kg p.o. An additional group receives 400 mg/kg BMS-214662 daily for 2 days (administered p.o. on day 1 and i.p. on day 2). Nontreated mice with time-matched HCT-116 tumors served as controls. Tumors are collected at 24 h after dose, processed following standard methods, sectioned, and stained with H&amp;E. Serial sections of each tumor are processed for in situ apoptotic cell labeling by the TUNEL method[2].</p>
<p><b>References</b></p>	<p>[1]. Hunt JT, et al. Discovery of (R)-7-cyano-2,3,4, 5-tetrahydro-1-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-3-(phenylmethyl)-4-(2-thienylsulfonyl)-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine (BMS-214662), a farnesyltransferase inhibitor with potent preclinical antitumor activity. J Med Chem. 2000 Oct 5;43(20):3587-95.</p> <p>[2]. Rose WC, et al. Preclinical antitumor activity of BMS-214662, a highly apoptotic and novel farnesyltransferase inhibitor. Cancer Res. 2001 Oct 15;61(20):7507-17.</p>