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产品名称: **Anle138b**  
 产品别名: **Anle138b**

生物活性:																				
<b>Description</b>	Anle138b is an oligomeric aggregation inhibitor. Anle138b is an oligomer modulator for neurodegenerative diseases such Parkinson's disease[1].																			
<b>In Vitro</b>	Oligomeric aggregates are presumed to be the key neurotoxic agent. Anle138b blocksthe formation of pathological aggregates of prion protein and of $\alpha$ -synuclein, which is deposited in Parkinson's disease and other synucleinopathies such as dementia with Lewy bodies and multiple system atrophy. Anle138b strongly inhibits all prion strains tested including BSE-derived and human prions. Anle138b shows structure-dependent binding to pathological aggregates and strongly inhibits formation of pathological oligomers both for prion protein and $\alpha$ -synuclein[1].																			
<b>In Vivo</b>	Anle138b has no detectable toxicity at therapeutic doses and an excellent oral bioavailability and blood–brain-barrier penetration. In mouse models of prion disease and in three different PD mouse models, anle138b strongly inhibits oligomer accumulation, neuronal degeneration, and disease progression[1]. Di-phenyl-pyrazole anle138b binds to aggregated tau and inhibits tau aggregation. Anle138b treatment effectively ameliorates disease symptoms, increases survival time and improves cognition of tau transgenic PS19 mice[2].																			
<b>Solvent&amp;Solubility</b>	<p><b>In Vitro:</b></p> <p>DMSO : <math>\geq 50</math> mg/mL (145.70 mM)</p> <p>H<sub>2</sub>O : <math>&lt; 0.1</math> mg/mL (insoluble)</p> <p>* "&gt;" means soluble, but saturation unknown.</p>																			
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Solvent \ Mass Concentration</th> <th>1 mg</th> <th>5 mg</th> <th>10 mg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 mM</td> <td>2.9140 mL</td> <td>14.5700 mL</td> <td>29.1401 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 mM</td> <td>0.5828 mL</td> <td>2.9140 mL</td> <td>5.8280 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 mM</td> <td>0.2914 mL</td> <td>1.4570 mL</td> <td>2.9140 mL</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Solvent \ Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	1 mM	2.9140 mL	14.5700 mL	29.1401 mL	5 mM	0.5828 mL	2.9140 mL	5.8280 mL	10 mM	0.2914 mL	1.4570 mL	2.9140 mL		
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<b>Stock Solutions</b>																				
	<p>*请根据产品在不同溶剂中的溶解度选择合适的溶剂配制储备液，一旦配成溶液，请分装保存，避免反复冻融造成的产品失效。</p> <p>储备液的保存方式和期限 -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month。-80°C 储存时，请在 6 个月内使用，-20°C 储存时，请在 1 个月内使用。</p> <p><b>In Vivo:</b></p> <p>请根据您的实验动物和给药方式选择适当的溶解方案。以下溶解方案都请先按照 In Vitro 方式配制澄清的储备液，再依次添加助溶剂：</p> <p>——为保证实验结果的可靠性，澄清的储备液可以根据储存条件，适当保存；体内实验的工作液，建议您现用现配，当天使用； 以下溶剂前显示的百分比是指该溶剂在您配制终溶液中的体积占比；如在配制过程中出现沉淀、析出现象，可以通过加热和/或超声的方式助溶</p> <p>1.请依序添加每种溶剂： 10% DMSO→40% PEG300 →5% Tween-80 → 45% saline</p> <p>Solubility: <math>\geq 2.5</math> mg/mL (7.29 mM); Clear solution</p> <p>此方案可获得 <math>\geq 2.5</math> mg/mL (7.29 mM，饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例，取 100 <math>\mu</math>L 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 400 <math>\mu</math>L PEG300 中，混合均匀</p>																			



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	<p>向上述体系中加入 50 <math>\mu</math>L Tween-80, 混合均匀; 然后继续加入 450 <math>\mu</math>L 生理盐水定容至 1 mL。</p> <p>2.请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO <math>\rightarrow</math>90% corn oil</p> <p>Solubility: <math>\geq</math> 2.5 mg/mL (7.29 mM); Clear solution</p> <p>此方案可获得 <math>\geq</math> 2.5 mg/mL (7.29 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液, 此方案不适用于实验周期在半个月以上的实验。</p> <p>以 1 mL 工作液为例, 取 100 <math>\mu</math>L 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 900 <math>\mu</math>L 玉米油中, 混合均匀。</p>
<b>References</b>	<p>[1]. Wagner J, et al. Anle138b: a novel oligomer modulator for disease-modifying therapy of neurodegenerative diseases such as prion and Parkinson's disease. Acta Neuropathol. 2013 Jun;125(6):795-813.</p> <p>[2]. Wagner J, et al. Reducing tau aggregates with anle138b delays disease progression in a mouse model of tauopathies. Acta Neuropathol. 2015 Nov;130(5):619-31.</p>
<b>实验参考:</b>	
<b>Animal Administration</b>	<p>Mice: During the first 2 weeks of treatment, 2 mg of anle138b dissolved in 10 <math>\mu</math>L DMSO mixed with 200 <math>\mu</math>L peanut butter are given. After 2 weeks of treatment, the dose is increased to 5 mg in 10 <math>\mu</math>L DMSO/200 <math>\mu</math>L peanut butter. At the age of 33 weeks, the dose is increased to 2<math>\times</math>5 mg per day. All mice are monitored daily for signs of disease[1].</p>
<b>Kinase Assay</b>	<p>Compounds (Anle138b) are diluted into the assay mixture from 10-fold stock solutions containing 10 % DMSO (v/v), resulting in a final concentration of 1 % DMSO in all samples. Experiments are started by diluting the 5-fold stock solution of fluorescently labelled <math>\alpha</math>-syn in 50 mM Tris-buffer, pH 7.0, containing 1 % DMSO, 10 <math>\mu</math>M FeCl<sub>3</sub> and compounds (Anle138b) in concentrations ranging from 1-10 <math>\mu</math>M. Aggregation is monitored at room temperature for at least 2.5 h in 3-4 independent samples for each experimental group[1].</p>
<b>References</b>	<p>[1]. Wagner J, et al. Anle138b: a novel oligomer modulator for disease-modifying therapy of neurodegenerative diseases such as prion and Parkinson's disease. Acta Neuropathol. 2013 Jun;125(6):795-813.</p> <p>[2]. Wagner J, et al. Reducing tau aggregates with anle138b delays disease progression in a mouse model of tauopathies. Acta Neuropathol. 2015 Nov;130(5):619-31.</p>